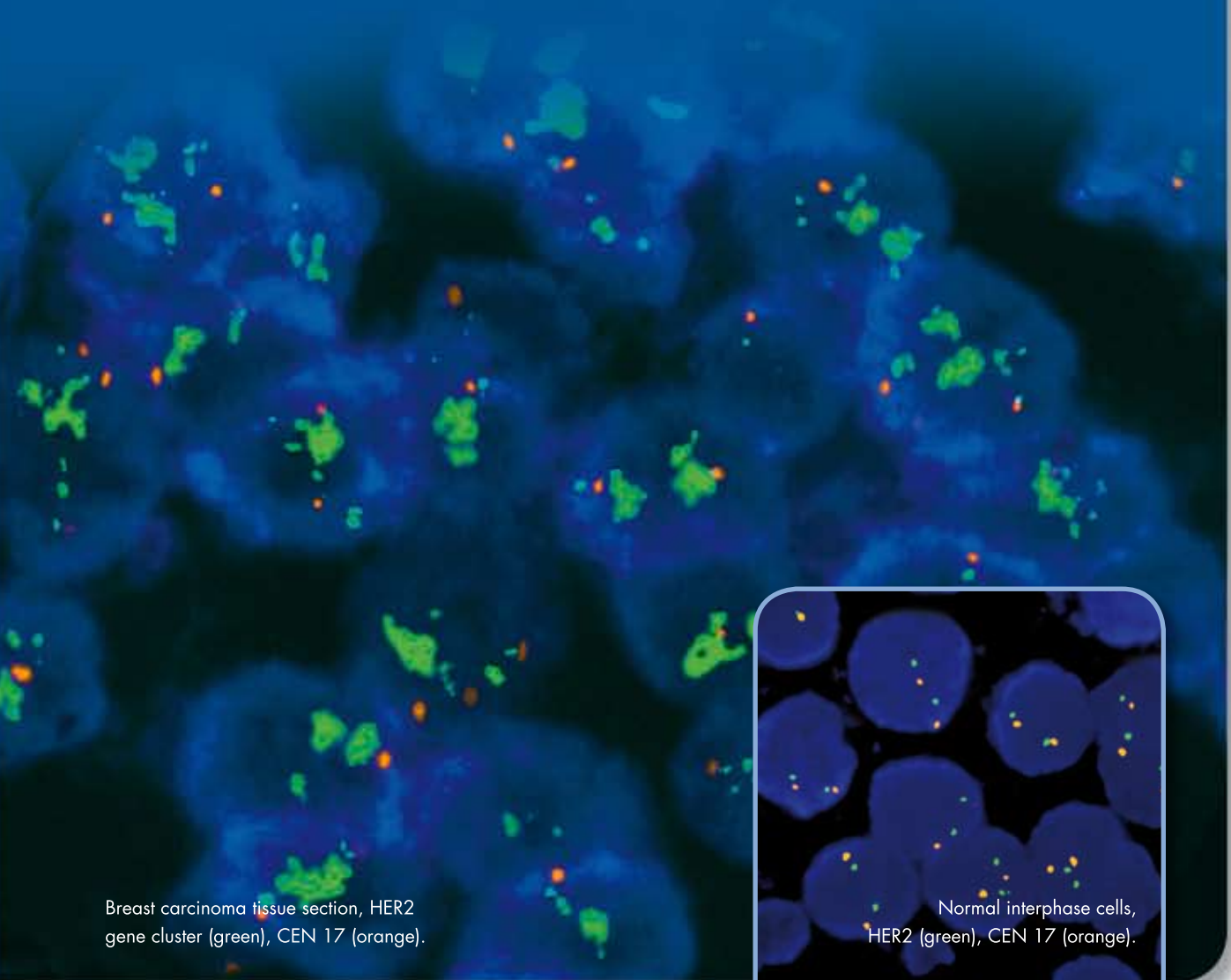


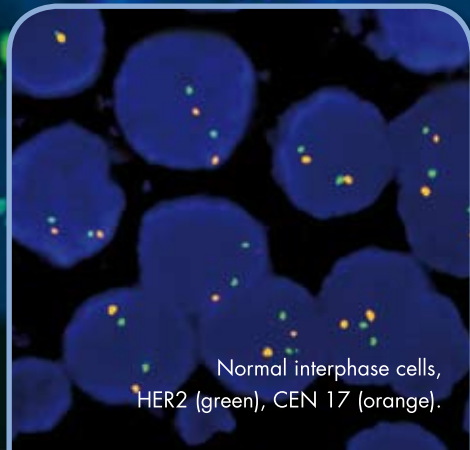


ZYTOVISION  
Molecular diagnostics simplified

# ZytoLight<sup>®</sup> SPEC HER2 / CEN 17 Dual Color Probe Breast Cancer Interpretation Guide



Breast carcinoma tissue section, HER2 gene cluster (green), CEN 17 (orange).



Normal interphase cells, HER2 (green), CEN 17 (orange).

### Basis of Interpretation Guidelines

This Interpretation Guide is based on ASCO (American Society of Clinical Oncology) and CAP (College of American Pathologists) recommendations for HER2 testing in breast cancer (Wolff A C, *et al.* 2007). It does not claim to be complete in reference to clinical usage and appraisal of results. Moreover it should be regarded as a practical help of HER2 FISH testing to determine and evaluate the obtained FISH signals.

### ZytoLight® SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color Probe Kit



The ZytoLight® SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color Kit contains all necessary reagents to perform user-friendly and successful FISH experiments.

- ▶ Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric
- ▶ Pepsin Solution
- ▶ Wash Buffer SSC
- ▶ ZytoLight® SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color Probe
- ▶ 25x Wash Buffer A
- ▶ DAPI/Antifade-Solution

### Filter Set Recommendations

- ▶ DAPI Single Bandpass Filter Set
- ▶ FITC/Rhodamine Dual Bandpass Filter Set
- ▶ FITC Single Bandpass Filter Set
- ▶ Rhodamine Single Bandpass Filter Set

Target	Fluorochrome	Excitation	Emission
HER2	ZyGreen™	503 nm	528 nm
CEN 17	ZyOrange™	547 nm	572 nm

### ZytoLight® Method Description

This is a condensed protocol and should not replace the manual included in each product.

#### Dewax



Heat slides for 10 min at 70°C, incubate 2x 10 min in xylene and rehydrate through graded alcohols to dH<sub>2</sub>O.  
*Note: It is important to change used xylene regularly to obtain completely dewaxed tissue.*

#### Heat Pretreatment



Incubate slides for 15 min in 98°C Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric, then wash 2x in dH<sub>2</sub>O.  
*Note: We recommend not to use more than six slides per staining jar.*

#### Proteolysis



Apply Pepsin Solution for approx. 10 min, incubate 5 min in Wash Buffer SSC, then wash in dH<sub>2</sub>O.  
*Note: Depending on multiple factors, e.g. nature and duration of fixing, thickness of sections, and nature of tissue/cells, different pepsin incubation times may be required.*

#### Apply Probe



Dehydrate through graded alcohols and air dry slides. Apply 10 µl of probe on the tissue, cover with coverslip, and seal with rubber cement.  
*Note: 10 µl of probe per 22x22 mm are recommended. A gentle warming of the probe can make the pipetting process easier.*

#### Denature & Hybridize



Co-denature probe and specimen DNA for 10 min at 75°C on a hot plate. Hybridize over night at 37°C.  
*Note: It may be necessary to optimize the denaturing temperature (73-77°C).*

#### Wash



Remove coverslip by incubation in Wash Buffer A. Wash 2x 5 min in Wash Buffer A prewarmed to 37°C, dehydrate through graded alcohols and air dry samples protected from light.

#### Stain & Cover



Apply 30 µl DAPI/Antifade and cover with coverslip. Incubate 15 min protected from light.  
*Note: Using a pipette tip which has been cut off to increase the size of the opening to pipette the DAPI/Antifade solution, can make the pipetting process easier.*

#### Evaluation



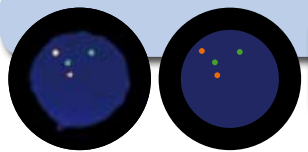
Evaluate slides using a fluorescence microscope equipped with a 100 watt mercury lamp and adequate filter sets.  
*Note: Slides can be stored in the dark at 2-8°C for up to approx. 2 weeks.*

Prod. No.	Product	Label	Tests (Volume)*
Z-2015-50	ZytoLight SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color Probe CE IVD	●/●	5 (50 µl)
Z-2015-200	ZytoLight SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color Probe CE IVD	●/●	20 (200 µl)
Z-2020-5	ZytoLight SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color Probe Kit CE IVD	●/●	5
Z-2020-20	ZytoLight SPEC HER2/CEN 17 Dual Color Probe Kit CE IVD	●/●	20

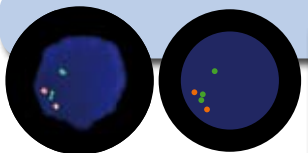
\* Using 10 µl probe solution per test. CE IVD only available in certain countries. All other countries research use only! Please contact your local dealer for more information.

### Count & Score

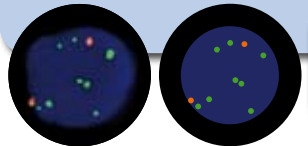
- ▶ Count at least 20 cells which are located in two different regions of the invasive component of the carcinoma.
- ▶ These regions must be confirmed by a pathologist.
- ▶ The area for counting should include clearly distinguishable and good distributed nuclei.
- ▶ Tissue artefacts like tissue at the boundary or retracted or squeezed tissue should be excluded from counting.



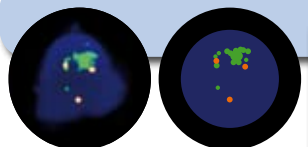
- Count: 2 green and 2 orange signals
  - HER2/CEN 17 ratio = 1.0
  - HER2 gene copy number = 2.0
- Normal / Non-amplified**



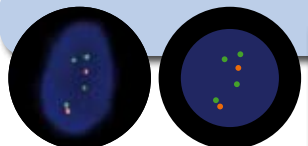
- Count: 2 green and 2 orange signals
  - One orange signal is split but 2 signals of the same color separated by a distance of  $\leq 1$  signal diameter, are counted as one.
  - HER2/CEN 17 = 1.0
  - HER2 gene copy number = 2.0
- Normal / Non-amplified**



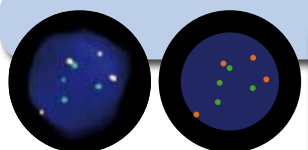
- Count: 7 green and 2 orange signals
  - HER2/CEN 17 ratio = 3.5
  - HER2 gene copy number = 7.0
- Positive / Amplification**



- Count: 12 green and 3 orange signals
  - Number of green signals have to be estimated because of signal cluster formation.
  - HER2/CEN 17 ratio = 4.0
  - HER2 gene copy number = 12.0
- Positive / Amplification**



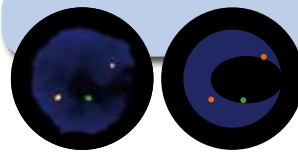
- Count: 4 green and 2 orange signals
  - HER2/CEN 17 ratio = 2.0
  - HER2 gene copy number = 4.0
- Equivocal**  
Sample is subjected to increased counting and/or repeated.



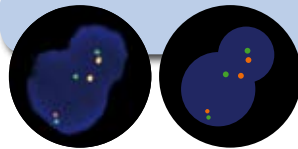
- Count: 4 green and 4 orange signals
  - HER2/CEN 17 ratio = 1.0
  - HER2 gene copy number = 4.0
- Polysomy**  
Polysomic cases should be retested by strictly standardised IHC.

### Reject & Repeat

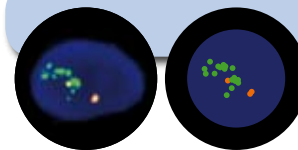
- ▶ Do not count if controls are not as expected.
- ▶ If >25% of signals are weak the test cannot be scored.
- ▶ The test should be repeated if >10% of signals occur over cytoplasm.
- ▶ Reject the object if it shows strong autofluorescence.



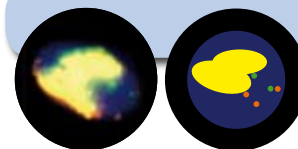
- Over-digestion can be recognized by dark areas visible inside of the nuclei.
- Over-digested nuclei - Do not count!**



- Nuclei are overlapping. Not all areas of the single nuclei are visible. Exact determination of signal per nucleus is hindered.
- Overlapping nuclei - Do not count!**



- Green signals overlapping orange signals.
- Signal cluster overlapping signal**  
Check signals in single bandpass filter or do not count!



- Strong autofluorescence hindered signal recognition.
- Autofluorescence - Do not count!**

