



CD2

IHC of CD2 on an FFPE Tonsil Tissue

Description CD2 is a cell-adhesion molecule found on the surface of T-cells and natural killer (NK) cells. It has also been called T-cell surface antigen T11/Leu-5, LFA-2, LFA-3 receptor, erythrocyte receptor and rosette receptor. Due to its structural characteristics, CD2 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily; it possesses two immunoglobulin-like domains in its extracellular portion. It interacts with other adhesion molecules, such as lymphocyte function-associated antigen-3 (LFA-3/CD58) in humans, or CD48 in rodents, which are expressed on the surfaces of other cells. In addition to its adhesive properties, CD2 also acts as a co-stimulatory molecule on T and NK cells.

CD2 is a surface antigen of the human T-lymphocyte lineage that is expressed on all peripheral blood T-cells. It is one of the earliest T-cell markers, being present on more than 95% of thymocytes; it is also found on some natural killer cells but not on B-lymphocytes. CD2 is implicated in the triggering of T-cells; the cytoplasmic domain is implicated in the signaling function. It is useful for the identification of Lymphomas and Leukemias of T-cell origin. As with other pan-T cell antigens, CD2 may be aberrantly deleted in some neoplastic T-cell populations, especially Peripheral T-cell Lymphomas.

Antibody Type	Mouse Monoclonal	Clone	AB75
Isotype	IgG1/K	Reactivity	Paraffin, Frozen
Localization	Membranous	Control	Tonsil
Storage	Store at 2°-8°C	Stability	2 years

For long-term storage of the concentrated antibody, it is recommended that aliquots of the antibody be frozen at -20°C in glycerol 50% (frost-free freezers are not recommended). Repeated freezing and thawing must be avoided. Dilute using an antibody diluent such as ImmunoDetector Protein Block/Antibody Diluent (BSB 0040 and BSB 0041) or ImmunoDNA Background Blocker (BSB 0103-BSB 0107).

Presentation CD2 is a mouse monoclonal antibody derived from cell culture supernatant that is concentrated, dialyzed, filter sterilized and diluted in buffer pH 7.5, containing BSA and sodium azide as a preservative.

Availability	Catalog No.	Antibody Type	Dilution	Volume/QTY
	BSB 6205	Prediluted	Ready-To-Use	3.0 ml
	BSB 6206	Prediluted	Ready-To-Use	7.0 ml
	BSB 6207	Prediluted	Ready-To-Use	15.0 ml
	BSB 6208	Concentrated	1:500-1:2000	0.1 ml
	BSB 6209	Concentrated	1:500-1:2000	0.5 ml
	BSB 6210	Concentrated	1:500-1:2000	1.0 ml
	BSB 6211	Control Slides		5

Note: For concentrated antibodies, please centrifuge prior to use to ensure recovery of all product.

References

1. Aguilera NS, et al. *Arch Pathol Lab Med.* 2006;Dec;130(12):1772-9
2. Barrionuevo C, et al. *Appl Immunohistochem Mol Morphol.* 2007;Mar;15(1):38-44
3. Foon KA, Todd RF, *Blood.* 1986;68:1-31

Protocol Suggested protocol on reverse

Recommended Immunohistochemical Protocol

- Pretreatment**
1. Cut and mount 3-4 micron formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues on positive charged slides.
 2. Air dry for 2 hours at 58° C.
 3. Deparaffinize, dehydrate and rehydrate tissues.
 4. Subject tissues to heat epitope retrieval using a suitable retrieval solution such as **ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate** (BSB 0020-BSB 0023) or **EDTA** (BSB 0030-BSB 0033).
 5. Any of three heating methods may be used:
 - a. **Electric Pressure Cooker**
Place standoff rack at base of pressure cooker. Add 1-2 inches of distilled water to the pressure cooker and turn heat to high, and incubate for 15 minutes. Open and immediately transfer slides to room temperature.
 - b. **Water Bath Method**
Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the **ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate** or **EDTA** in a water bath set at 95°-99° C. Incubate for 30-60 minutes.
 - c. **Conventional Steamer Method**
Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the **ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate** or **EDTA** in a Steamer, cover and steam for 30-60 minutes.
 6. After heat treatment, transfer slides in **ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate** or **EDTA** to room temperature and let stand for 15-20 minutes.
 7. Wash slides with IHC wash buffer or DI water.
 8. Continue IHC staining protocol.

Immunohistochemical Protocol

Step	ImmunoDetector (AP or HRP)	PolyDetector (AP or HRP)
Peroxidase/AP Block	5 minutes	5 minutes
Primary Antibody	30 minutes	45 minutes
Secondary Biotinylated Link	10 minutes	Not Applicable
AP or HRP Label	10 minutes	45 minutes
Substrate-Chromogen	5-10 minutes	10 minutes
Counterstaining	Time varies with counterstain	Time varies with counterstain

